1) Modify your Working Model (WM) slider crank simulation as detailed below.

- a) Change the motor that drives the crank to apply constant torque of 20 ft-lbf.
- b) Place a large block so that the piston cannot move all the way to TDC.
- c) Select <u>World</u> then <u>Accuracy</u> and set <u>Animation Step</u> to 0.0001 sec. You may also need to select <u>World</u> then <u>Accuracy</u> then <u>More Choices</u> and set <u>Overlap Error</u> smaller.
- d) Left-click on the piston to highlight it. Hold down the Shift Key and left-click on the block to highlight it also. Select <u>Object</u> then <u>Collide</u> to enable collision between the two objects. Select <u>Measure</u> then <u>Contact Force</u> to measure piston force.
- e) Move the block to three different positions and record piston force in the table below.
- f) Validate your simulation with the closed-form force-torque equation derived in class.
- g) Attach a screen shot of your WM mechanism.

Crank angle [deg]	Conn-rod angle [deg]	Crank torque [in.lbf]	WM piston force [lbf]	Equation piston force [lbf]

## EXTRA CREDIT

Develop a WM simulation to slowly move the block back and forth. Export WM data and read into MATLAB. Provide validation plots of WM piston force and closed-form equation piston force on the same MATLAB graph as a function of crank angle. Attach a screen shot of your WM mechanism.

2) Determine motor torque  $T_{12}$  required to push needle link 6 down with 0.5 N at the position shown below. The mechanism is drawn to scale full size. Neglect friction and dynamic effects. Show your work.

T<sub>12</sub>\_\_\_\_\_

