

Benard Convection Problem - Eigenvalue Solution for Marginal Stability

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First define the roots q_0 , q , and q_s as functions of wavenumber K and Rayleigh number Ra :

$$q_0(K, Ra) := K \cdot \sqrt{\left[\left(\frac{Ra}{K^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} - 1 \right]} \quad q(K, Ra) := \sqrt{K^2 \cdot \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{Ra}{K^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (1 + \sqrt{3} \cdot i) \right]} \quad q_s(K, Ra) := \sqrt{K^2 \cdot \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{Ra}{K^4} \right)^{\frac{1}{3}} \cdot (1 - \sqrt{3} \cdot i) \right]}$$

Now define the matrix as given in the class notes (Matrix M is also a function of K and Ra):

$$M(K, Ra) := \begin{bmatrix} \cos\left(\frac{q_0(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & \cosh\left(\frac{q(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & \cosh\left(\frac{q_s(K, Ra)}{2}\right) \\ -q_0(K, Ra) \cdot \sin\left(\frac{q_0(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & q(K, Ra) \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{q(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & q_s(K, Ra) \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{q_s(K, Ra)}{2}\right) \\ \left(q_0(K, Ra)^2 + K^2\right)^2 \cdot \cos\left(\frac{q_0(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & \left(q(K, Ra)^2 - K^2\right)^2 \cdot \cosh\left(\frac{q(K, Ra)}{2}\right) & \left(q_s(K, Ra)^2 - K^2\right)^2 \cdot \cosh\left(\frac{q_s(K, Ra)}{2}\right) \end{bmatrix}$$

Define the determinant of this matrix, and its root as functions of K and Ra . *Note:* In order to use the root function, an initial guess for Ra must be specified. I also had to lower the tolerance for the root function from the default:

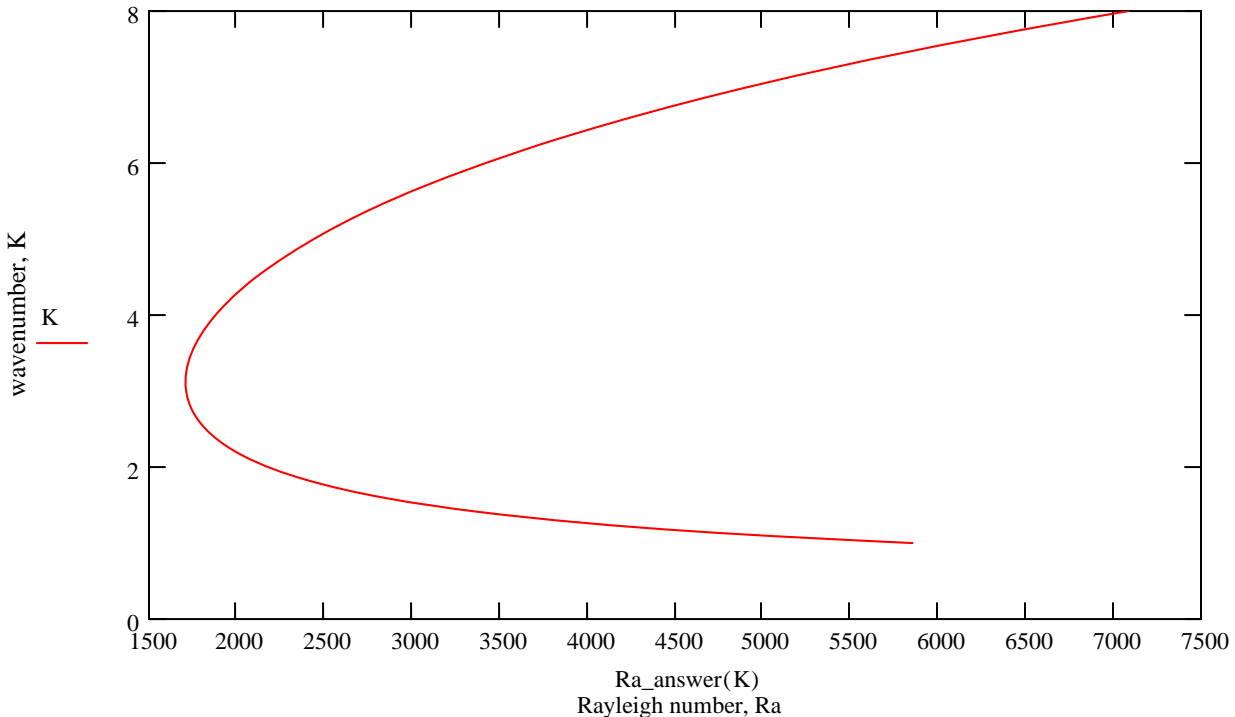
$$Ra_guess := 4000 \quad Ra := Ra_guess \quad determ(K, Ra) := |M(K, Ra)| \quad Ra_answer(K) := \text{root}(determ(K, Ra), Ra)$$

Verify for some initial K : $TOL = 1 \times 10^{-3}$ $TOL := 1.0 \cdot 10^{-6}$ $K := 1$ $Ra_answer(K) = 5.854 \times 10^3$

Specify a range of wavenumber K , and solve for the corresponding Ra which yields non-zero roots.

$$ntotal := 100 \quad Kmin := 1 \quad Kmax := 8 \quad K := Kmin, Kmin + \frac{(Kmax - Kmin)}{ntotal} .. Kmax$$

Plot the marginal (neutral) stability curve:



Write the minimum Ra for stability, along with its wavenumber, K (I'm not sure why this works in Mathcad):

$$K = 3.111 \quad Ra_answer(K) = 1.708 \times 10^3$$