1) Download https://www.mne.psu.edu/sommer/me481/h02.docx

2) Obtain a digital image of a **planar** linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.



3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

The mechanism used in this hip adduction workout machine can be modeled as 4 bar planer linkage. As forces are applied to the thigh pads, angles of the pins connected to the pads will change as well as the other two pins accordingly due to resulting torques on the rods connecting the pads to the mechanism's pins. The purpose of this mechanism is to link hip pads in order to move them equally when force applied to them.



4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL__4__ nJ_1__4__ nJ_2__0__ M__1__$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT



using: M = 3*(nL-1) - 2(L) = 3*(8-1)-2*(10)

topology :



Source:

https://www.researchgate.net/figure/The-Peaucellier-Lipkin-straight-line-mechanism-From-the-geometry-of-the-figure-it_fig2_283659443

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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This mechanism is a robot claw at the end of a robot arm. This mechanism appears to be a series of revolute joints that form the two fingers of the claw and join them to the wrist.

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5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

M = 3(nL-1) - 2 nJ1 - nJ2

 $nL=9 \qquad nJ_1=10 \qquad nJ_2=0 \qquad M=4$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

Provide a drawing of the Peaucellier mechanism. Diagram its topology and analyze its mobility.



M = 3(nL-1) - 2 nJ1 - nJ2

 $nL=8 \qquad nJ_1=10 \qquad nJ_2=0 \qquad M=1$

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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Curved jaw Locking Pliers. Used for Clamping and handling objects.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL ___4 _ nJ_1 __4 _ nJ_2 __0 _ M __1 _$

M=3*(4-1)-2*4=1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT





Mobility: nL=8, $nJ_1=10$, $nJ_2=0$ 3*(8-1)-2*10=1Mobility =1 1) Obtain a digital image of a **planar** linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.



2) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This mechanism is called a sitting calf raise. It is used in the gym to target calf muscles by adding a load to the end of link 2 and restraining you legs with the adjustable and pushing up from the bottom base with the balls of your feet.

3) Skeletal Diagram



4) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).



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2) Obtain a digital image of a **planar** linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.



3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

My mechanism is a windshield wiper. Its purpose is to clear your windshield from precipitation which hinders visibility.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Vehicle Steering system. This is a basic diagram of a vehicle's steering. Here you can see two kingpin bolts, two steering arms, and a tie rod connecting them.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL__4__ nJ_1__4__ nJ_2__0__ M__1__$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.

7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT













Mobility:

nL 8_ nJ₁ 10_ nJ₂ 0_ M_1_

M=3(nL-1)-2nJ1-nJ2= 3(8-1)-2(10)-0= 1

H02

Friday, January 14, 2022 11:29 AM

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	ME 481 - HO2 Name Julob Foulus	,
	1) Download https://www.mne.psu.edu/sommer/me481/h02.docx	
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	3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.	
	schoor lift (screw driven) - Used to lift	heavy objects
	 Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal 	
	diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.	
	5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ ₂) and mobility (M).	3(6-1) - 2(7) - 0
	nL nJ1 nJ2 M	1 Machillet
	6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.	15 - 14 = 1
	7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.	
	EXTRA CREDIT	
	Provide a drawing of the Peaucellier mechanism. Diagram its topology and analyze its mobility.	





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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Double leverage kitchen scissors – Used for cutting with reduced resistance.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL=4 \qquad \qquad nJ_1=4 \qquad \qquad nJ_2=0 \qquad \qquad M=1$

M = 3(4 - 1) - 2(4) = 1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

Provide a drawing of the Peaucellier mechanism. Diagram its topology and analyze its mobility.



nL = 8 $nJ_1 = 10$ $nJ_2 = 0$ M = 1M = 3(8 - 1) - 2(10) = 1



Name Meredith He

1) Download https://www.mne.psu.edu/sommer/me481/h02.docx

2) Obtain a digital image of a **planar** linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.



3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

These locking pliers are used to grip objects. They can loosen and turn things that are difficult to move.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

nL $\underline{4}$ nJ₁ $\underline{4}$ nJ₂ O M $\underline{1}$ 6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism. M $\underline{1}$ M = 3(3) - 2(4) = 1



Name _____

7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

Name Paul Kerner

1) Download https://www.mne.psu.edu/sommer/me481/h02.docx

 Obtain a digital image of a planar linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.

3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

These pre Vile-grip pliers which lock when fully closed.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ1), 2 DOF joints (nJ2) and mobility (M).

nL_1_____1_1__1

M = 3(4-1) - 2(4)

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.

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0

7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

Provide a drawing of the Peaucellier mechanism. Diagram its topology and analyze its mobility.





M = 1

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https://pixels.com/featured/1952-pez-candy-dispenser-blueprint-patent-print-greg-edwards.html?product=fleeceblanket&blanketType=blanket-sherpa-50-60

3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

The mechanism is a PEZ dispenser, which is used to hold candy and push out individual pieces when the "head" of the dispenser is pulled back.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ_1), 2 DOF joints (nJ_2) and mobility (M).

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Windshield Wiper Mechanism – converts rotary motion of motor into back and forth motion of windshield wipers

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and paste it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



Source: Samarins.com/glossary/wiper-motor.html



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

nL: 6 nJ_1 : 7 nJ_2 : 0 M: 1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT



nL: $\mathbf{8}$ nJ₁: $\mathbf{10}$ nJ₂: $\mathbf{0}$ M: $\mathbf{1}$ Peaucellier mechanism has one degree of freedom. For joint F, this is a linear degree of freedom.



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Source: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4u7M4ky6sI4

3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This is known as the "Steam Locomotive Mechanism." As you might have guessed, the purpose of this mechanism is to convert linear motion of a piston into rotation of the wheels to move the train.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).



6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.

7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

4) Skeletal Diagram



• Mobility

$$nL = 6$$
, $nJ_1 = 7$, $nJ_2 = 0$
 $M = 3(nL - 1) - anJ_1 - nJ_2$
 $= 3(6 - 1) - a(7) - 0$
 $M = 14$

$$M = 3(nL-1) - \lambda \overline{V_{1}} - n\overline{J_{4}}$$

= 3(6-1) - 2(7) - 0
=> M = 15 - 14
:. M = 2



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

The name of the mechanism is a foldable dinner table, and the purpose of this mechanism is to allow Link 2 to fold down for the item to be stored in a thin area.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL_3_ \qquad nJ_1_2_ \qquad nJ_2_1_ \qquad M_1_$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.

7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

A EXTRA CREDIT



$$\begin{split} M &= 3(nL-1) - 2 nJ1 - nJ2 \\ M &= 3(3-1) - 2 (2) - 1 \\ M &= 6-5 \\ M &= 1 \end{split}$$



Extra Credit:



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

My mechanism of choice is the locking pliers, which I used many times as a kid helping to pull out nails from boards when assisting my dad in our workshop. Locking pliers are particularly useful because they can be locked into place on an object, in order to apply a force on another object. For example, they can be locked into place around a nut, and act as a wrench to unscrew a nut-bolt fastener.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

The mechanism is a inline slider crank. The purpose of the mechanism is to turn the linear motion of the steam piston into rotational motion to drive the wheels.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

nL:4 nJ_1 : 4 (3 Revolute, 1 Prismatic) nJ_2 : 0 M: 1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT





nL:8 nJ₁: 10 (10 Revolute) nJ₂: 0 M: 1 3*(8-1)-2*(10)=21-20=1

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Only analyzing one side of the mechanism to keep it planar.

3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Scissor lift linkage: When paired with a linear actuator, they are used to create lift tables. Multiple scissor linkages can be used to make large vertical lifts.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





В

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nL	<u> 6 </u>	nJ ₁	<u>7 (5R,2P)</u>	nJ_2	0	Μ	<u>1</u>	
----	--	-----------------	------------------	--------	---	---	----------	--

4

1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.

1

2



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT





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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Rear Suspension Mechanism – purpose of the mechanism is to give the rear wheel 215mm of travel. The shock (prismatic joint) is utilized to dampen the forces experience by the rear wheel, and also control the "rebound" speed of the rear wheel back to resting position. Per the manufacture, "the overall goal with the suspension design was to create a linearly progressive leverage curve (picture a diagonal line) in order to maintain a consistent feel with enough ramp up to avoid going through all 215mm of travel too quickly". Another interesting aspect of this linkage system is link 3 (see page 3), has two positions for the shock to mount to, which effectively changes the geometry of the bike and the linkage.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





Name **Tyler Smith**



G

E

Link 1 – Front Triangle (Ternary) 3 Grounded Revolute Joints

Link 2 – Rear Triangle (Binary – not including wheel) 2 Revolute Joints

Link 3 – Lower Pivot (Ternary) 3 Revolute Joints

Link 4 – Upper Pivot (Binary) 2 Revolute Joints

Link 5 & 6 – Shock 2 Revolute Joints and one prismatic 5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ_1), 2 DOF joints (nJ_2) and mobility (M).

NI: 6 nJ_1 : 7 (6R, 1P) nJ_2 : 0 M: 1 M = 3(nL - 1) - 2(nJ1) - nJ2 M = 3(6 - 1) - 2(7) - 0M = 1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



⁷⁾ Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

2 (5) OFE 4 - 2 Revolutions 6 R -2 revolutes 3 2 \bigcirc 0 R 2 Ð 8 (5) R R 2 revolutes 2 Mobility: nL = 8nJI = 10 (9R, 1P)nJZ = 0M = 3(nL-1) - 2nJ1 - pJ2 = 21 - 20 :: [M=1] = 3(8-1) - 2(10) - 0 = 21 - 20 :: [M=1]

ME 481 - H02 (fds5076)

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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This mechanism, which I will call the "door stopper", is found at the top of heavy doors and is meant to slow the angular velocity of the door as it closes so as to prevent it from slamming shut.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL__2__ nJ_1__3__ nJ_2__0__ M_1__$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This is a picture of locking pliers. By squeezing the grips together, the pliers close and clamp onto objects as a result.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.





5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

 $nL=4 \qquad nJ_1=4 \qquad nJ_2=0 \qquad M{=}1$

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT





 $nL = 8 \qquad nJ_1 = 10 \qquad nJ_2 = 0 \qquad M{=}1$



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

Door pull rod: it could be used to open and close the door

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc. +

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5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).



6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

Name_____

EXTRA CREDIT



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3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This linkage is for a kitchen cabinet door. It allows for the smooth movement of the door to open and close.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly</u> <u>on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.



5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ_1) , 2 DOF joints (nJ_2) and mobility (M).

nL: 4 nJ: 4 nJ: 0 M: 3(4-1) - 2(4) - 0 = 1

6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

1) Download https://www.mne.psu.edu/sommer/me481/h02.docx

2) Obtain a digital image of a **planar** linkage mechanism, and paste it into this MS-Word document. You may take a digital photo, scan a hardcopy photograph or drawing, or obtain an on-line image.



3) Provide a name and brief description of the purpose for your mechanism.

This is a picture of an oil pumpjack. The purpose of this mechanism is to extract oil from below ground when the underground pressure is not high enough to force the oil to flow to the surface directly.

4) Use the MS-Word drawing toolbar or other drawing tools to draw the kinematic skeletal diagram for your mechanism <u>directly on top of your image</u>. Additionally, copy the skeletal diagram and past it onto a blank area of this this MS-Word file. Clearly label the links and joints. Number the links using 1 for the ground link, and letter the joints A, B, C, etc.

Name <u>Brian Zhang</u>

5) Identify the number of links (nL), 1 DOF joints (nJ₁), 2 DOF joints (nJ₂) and mobility (M).

nL $\underline{4}$ nJ₁ $\underline{4}$ nJ₁ $\underline{4}$ nJ₂ $\underline{0}$ M $\underline{1}$ 6) Diagram the topology of your mechanism.



7) Submit PDF copy via Canvas.

EXTRA CREDIT

Provide a drawing of the Peaucellier mechanism. Diagram its topology and analyze its mobility.



M = 3(8-1) - 2 * 10 - 0Mobility = 1