

1) Use the full size image of link 3 for the web cutter provided below to calculate mass, centroid location and centroidal polar mass moment of inertia using classical geometric methods. Provide  $\{s_3\}^G$  relative to the coordinate frame used for C01. The link is made of 1 cm thick aluminum.

**Show your work and units.**

$$m_3 \quad \underline{167.31 \text{ g}} \quad \{s_3\}^G \quad \underline{\{ 10.09 \text{ cm} , -2.45 \text{ cm} \}^T} \quad J_{G3} \quad \underline{7.479 \text{ kg.cm}^2}$$

2) Use boundary summations to approximate mass, centroid location and centroidal polar mass moment of inertia for each link in the web cutter. Scaled outlines for all three links are available in “wc\_link%.txt” on our class web page. The outlines have been aligned with coordinate frames used for C01. Links are made of 1 cm thick aluminum.

Link	2	3	4	
Mass m	30.82	159.62	151.80	g
Centroid $\{s_i\}^G$	$\{ 2 , 0 \}^T$	$\{ 10.50 , -2.35 \}^T$	$\{ 9.80 , 3.90 \}^T$	cm
Polar moment $J_{Gi}$	0.091	6.448	6.808	kg.cm <sup>2</sup>

3) How do your geometric calculations compare to boundary integral results?

4) Relocate local coordinate frames to the centroids of the links and repeat the plots requested for C02. Angular velocities and angular accelerations of the links should remain the same. You need not repeat any work for speed of the web.

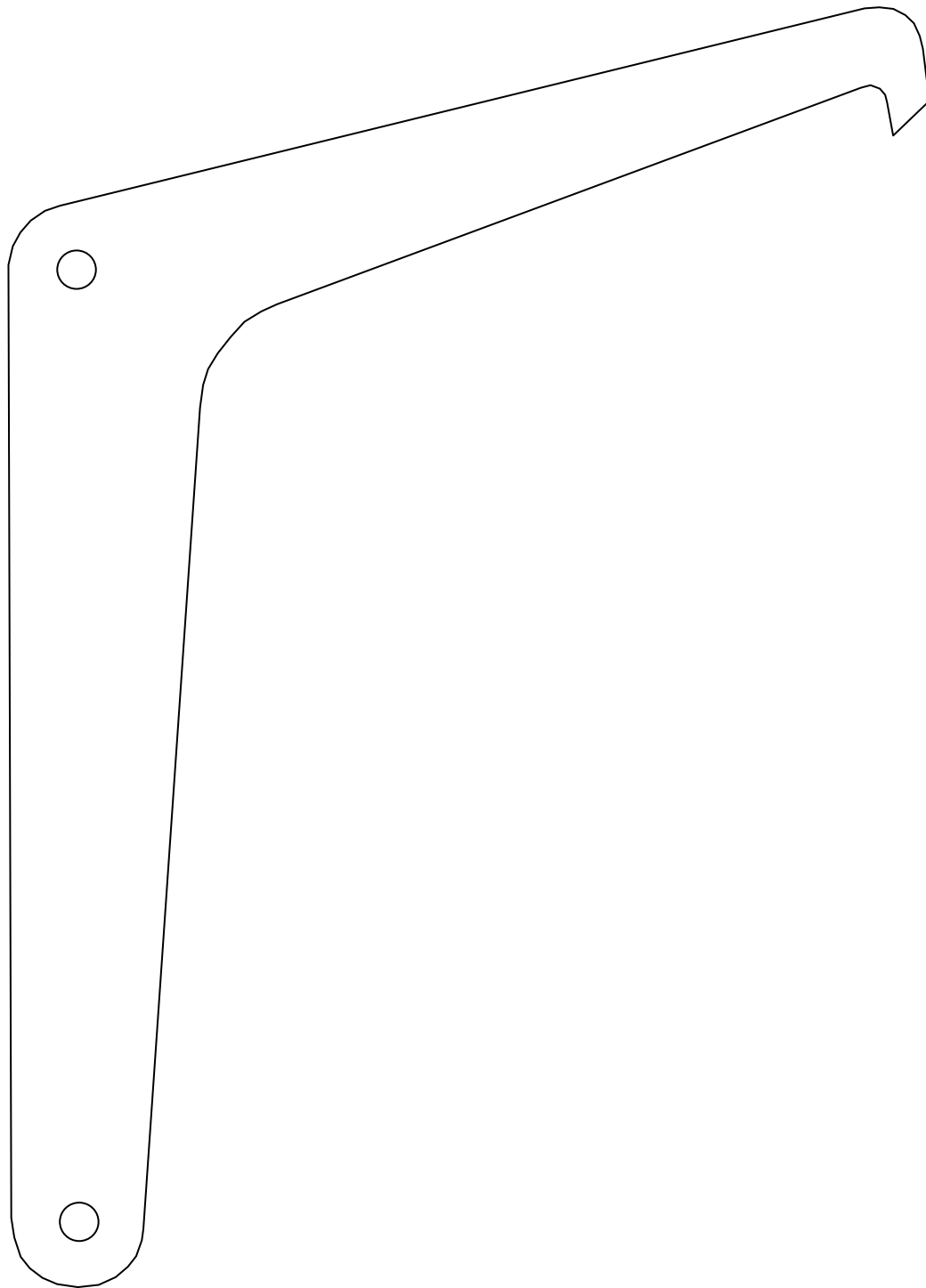
#### ESTIMATED GLOBAL POSE OF COORDINATE FRAMES

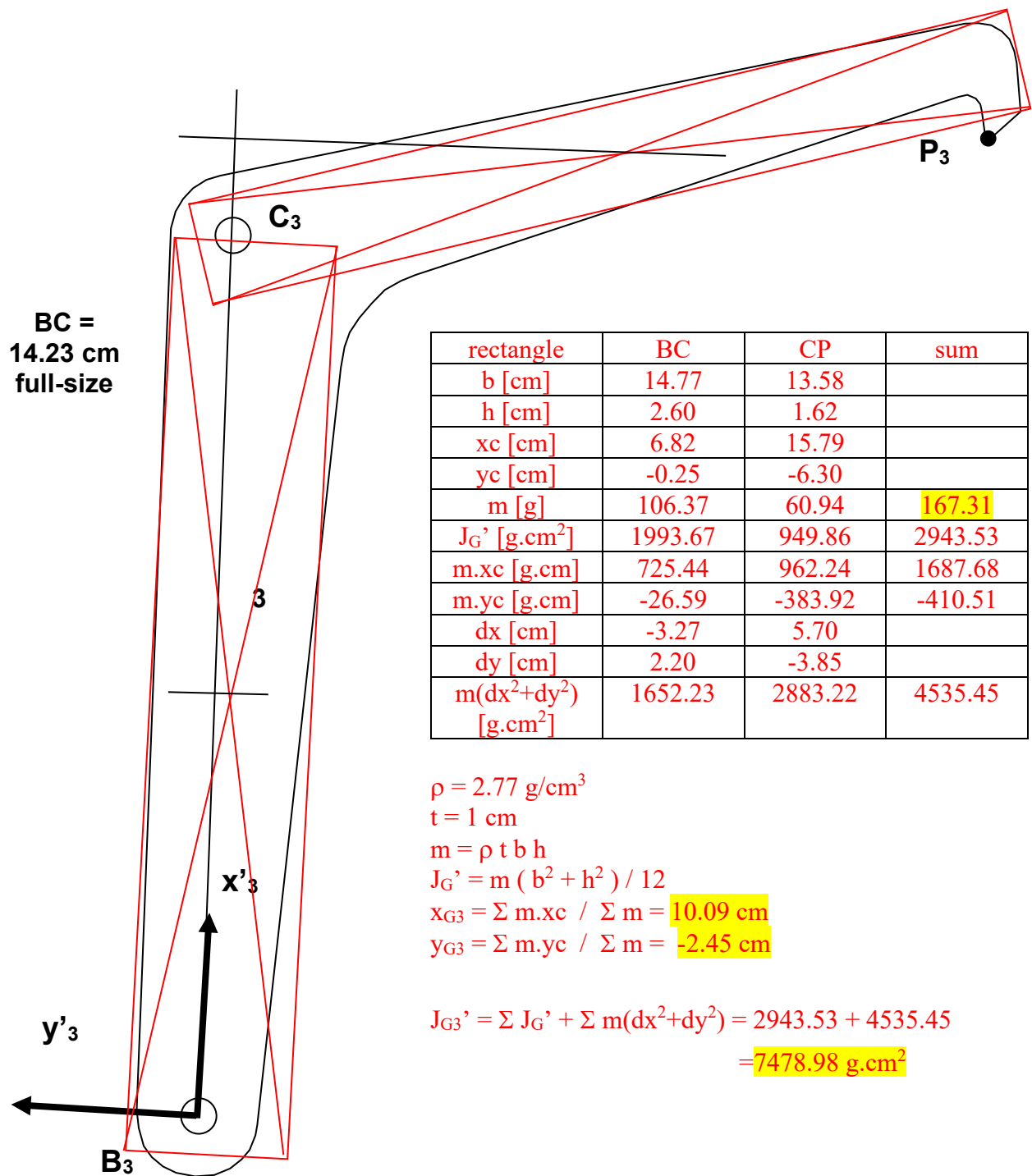
Link	1	2	3	4
Origin $\{r_i\}$	$\{ 0, 0 \}^T$	$\{ 1.75 , 1 \}^T$	$\{ 6 , 12 \}^T$	$\{ 12 , 9 \}^T$
Angle $\phi_i$	0 deg	30 deg	90 deg	-60 deg

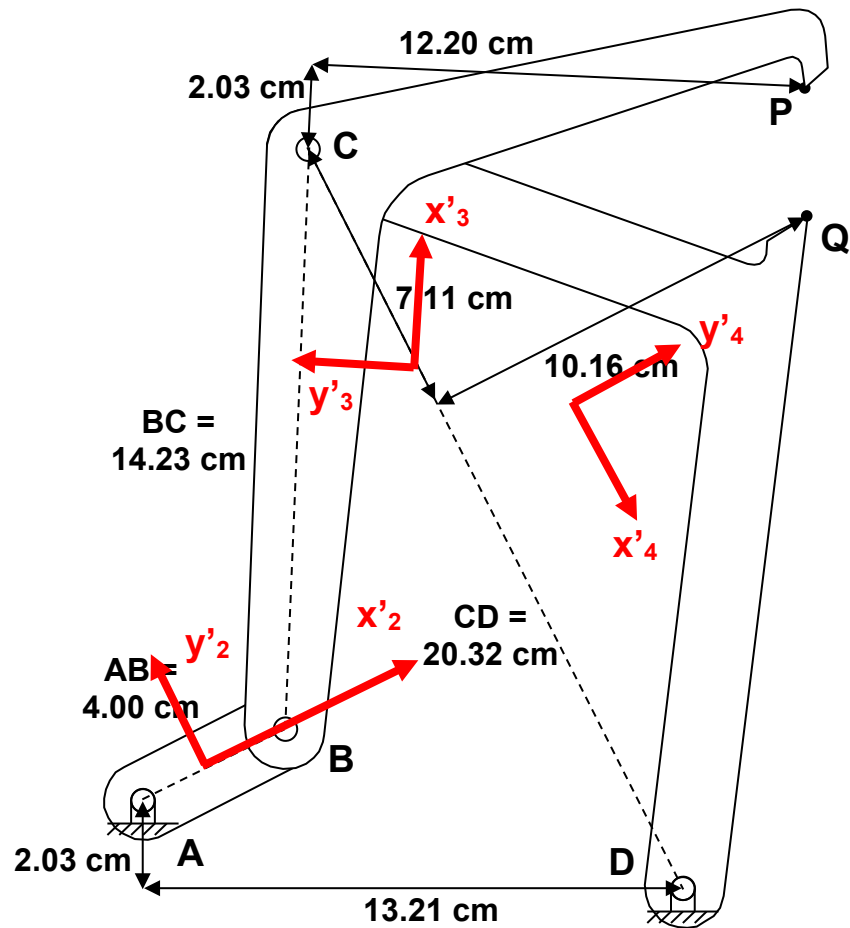
#### CONSTANT LOCAL BODY-FIXED LOCATIONS OF SPECIFIC POINTS

	$\{s_1\}^l$	$\{s_2\}^l$	$\{s_3\}^l$	$\{s_4\}^l$
A	$\{ 0 , 0 \}^T$	$\{ -2 , 0 \}^T$		
B		$\{ 2 , 0 \}^T$	$\{ -10.50 , 2.35 \}^T$	
C			$\{ 3.73 , 2.35 \}^T$	$\{ -9.80 , -3.90 \}^T$
D	$\{ 13.21 , -2.03 \}^T$			$\{ 10.52 , -3.90 \}^T$
P			$\{ 5.76 , -9.85 \}^T$	
Q				$\{ -2.69 , 6.26 \}^T$

link 3 - full size







```
>> wc_geom_c03
```

```
Link 2
```

area	X_cen	Y_cen	J/1000	mass	Jprime
[cm <sup>2</sup> ]	[cm]	[cm]	[cm <sup>4</sup> ]	[g]	[kg.cm <sup>2</sup> ]
11.1256	2.0000	0.0000	0.0327	30.8179	0.0905

```
Link 3 - no holes
```

area	X_cen	Y_cen	J/1000	mass	Jprime
[cm <sup>2</sup> ]	[cm]	[cm]	[cm <sup>4</sup> ]	[g]	[kg.cm <sup>2</sup> ]
58.5938	10.4448	-2.3070	2.3930	162.3050	6.6286

```
Link 3 - with holes
```

area	X_cen	Y_cen	J/1000	mass	Jprime
[cm <sup>2</sup> ]	[cm]	[cm]	[cm <sup>4</sup> ]	[g]	[kg.cm <sup>2</sup> ]
57.6243	10.5008	-2.3458	2.3277	159.6193	6.4477

```
Link 4
```

area	X_cen	Y_cen	J/1000	mass	Jprime
[cm <sup>2</sup> ]	[cm]	[cm]	[cm <sup>4</sup> ]	[g]	[kg.cm <sup>2</sup> ]
54.8015	9.8044	3.8961	2.4577	151.8003	6.8078

```

% wc_geom_c03.m - web-cutter four-bar for ME 581
% link inertial properties
% HJSIII, 20.03.04

% constants
t = 1; % thickness [cm]
density = 2.77; % density for aluminum [g/cm^3]

% link 2
disp( ' ' )
disp( 'Link 2' )
xy = load( 'wc_link2.txt' );
[ g, i, c ] = polygeom( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) );
J = c(5)/1000;
mass = g(1) * t * density;
Jprime = J * t * density;
disp( '      area      X_cen      Y_cen      J/1000      mass      Jprime' )
disp( '      [cm^2]      [cm]      [cm]      [cm^4]      [g] [kg.cm^2]' )
disp( [ g(1:3) J mass Jprime ] )

figure( 1 )
clf
plot( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) )
axis( [ -5 25 -15 15 ] )
axis square
hold on

% link 3 - no holes
disp( 'Link 3 - no holes' )
xy = load( 'wc_link3.txt' );
[ g, i, c ] = polygeom( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) );
J = c(5)/1000;
mass = g(1) * t * density;
Jprime = J * t * density;
disp( '      area      X_cen      Y_cen      J/1000      mass      Jprime' )
disp( '      [cm^2]      [cm]      [cm]      [cm^4]      [g] [kg.cm^2]' )
disp( [ g(1:3) J mass Jprime ] )

plot( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) )

% link 3 - with holes
disp( 'Link 3 - with holes' )
xyB = load( 'wc_link3_holeB.txt' );
xyC = load( 'wc_link3_holeC.txt' );
xy = [ xy ; xyB ; xy(1,:) ; xyC ];
[ g, i, c ] = polygeom( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) );
J = c(5)/1000;
mass = g(1) * t * density;
Jprime = J * t * density;
disp( '      area      X_cen      Y_cen      J/1000      mass      Jprime' )
disp( '      [cm^2]      [cm]      [cm]      [cm^4]      [g] [kg.cm^2]' )
disp( [ g(1:3) J mass Jprime ] )

% link 4
disp( 'Link 4' )
xy = load( 'wc_link4.txt' );
[ g, i, c ] = polygeom( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) );
J = c(5)/1000;
mass = g(1) * t * density;
Jprime = J * t * density;
disp( '      area      X_cen      Y_cen      J/1000      mass      Jprime' )
disp( '      [cm^2]      [cm]      [cm]      [cm^4]      [g] [kg.cm^2]' )
disp( [ g(1:3) J mass Jprime ] )

plot( xy(:,1), xy(:,2) )

% bottom - wc_geom_c03

```

**Verified graphs as C02 using same code for**  
**wc\_main\_c02.m EXCEPT calls wc\_ini\_c03.m**  
**wc\_phi.m**  
**wc\_kin.m**

```
% wc_ini_c03.m - web cutter four-bar for ME 581
%   initialize constants and assembly guesses
%   coordinate frames shifted to centroids
% HJSIII, 20.03.04

% mechanism constants
len2 = 4;
len3 = 14.23;
len4 = 20.32;

s1pA = [ 0 0 ]';
s1pD = [ 13.21 -2.03 ]';

s2pA = [ 0 0 ]';
s2pB = [ len2 0 ]';

s3pB = [ 0 0 ]';
s3pC = [ len3 0 ]';
s3pP = [ 16.26 -12.20 ]';

s4pC = [ 0 0 ]';
s4pD = [ len4 0 ]';
s4pQ = [ 7.11 10.16 ]';

% shift local frames to centroids
s2pG = [ 2 0 ]';
s3pG = [ 10.50 -2.35 ]';
s4pG = [ 9.80 3.90 ]';

s2pA = s2pA - s2pG;
s2pB = s2pB - s2pG;

s3pB = s3pB - s3pG;
s3pC = s3pC - s3pG;
s3pP = s3pP - s3pG;

s4pC = s4pC - s4pG;
s4pD = s4pD - s4pG;
s4pQ = s4pQ - s4pG;

% NEW initial guesses estimated by eye
phi2 = 30 * d2r;
phi3 = 90 * d2r;
phi4 = -60 * d2r;

q(1,1) = 1.75;
q(2,1) = 1;
q(3,1) = phi2;

q(4,1) = 6;
q(5,1) = 12;
q(6,1) = phi3;

q(7,1) = 12;
q(8,1) = 9;
q(9,1) = phi4;

% driver for crank - phi2 = phi2_start + w2*t
phi2_start = 30 * d2r;
w2 = +60 * 2 * pi / 60; % 60 rpm CCW, convert to rad/sec

% bottom - wc_ini_c03
```