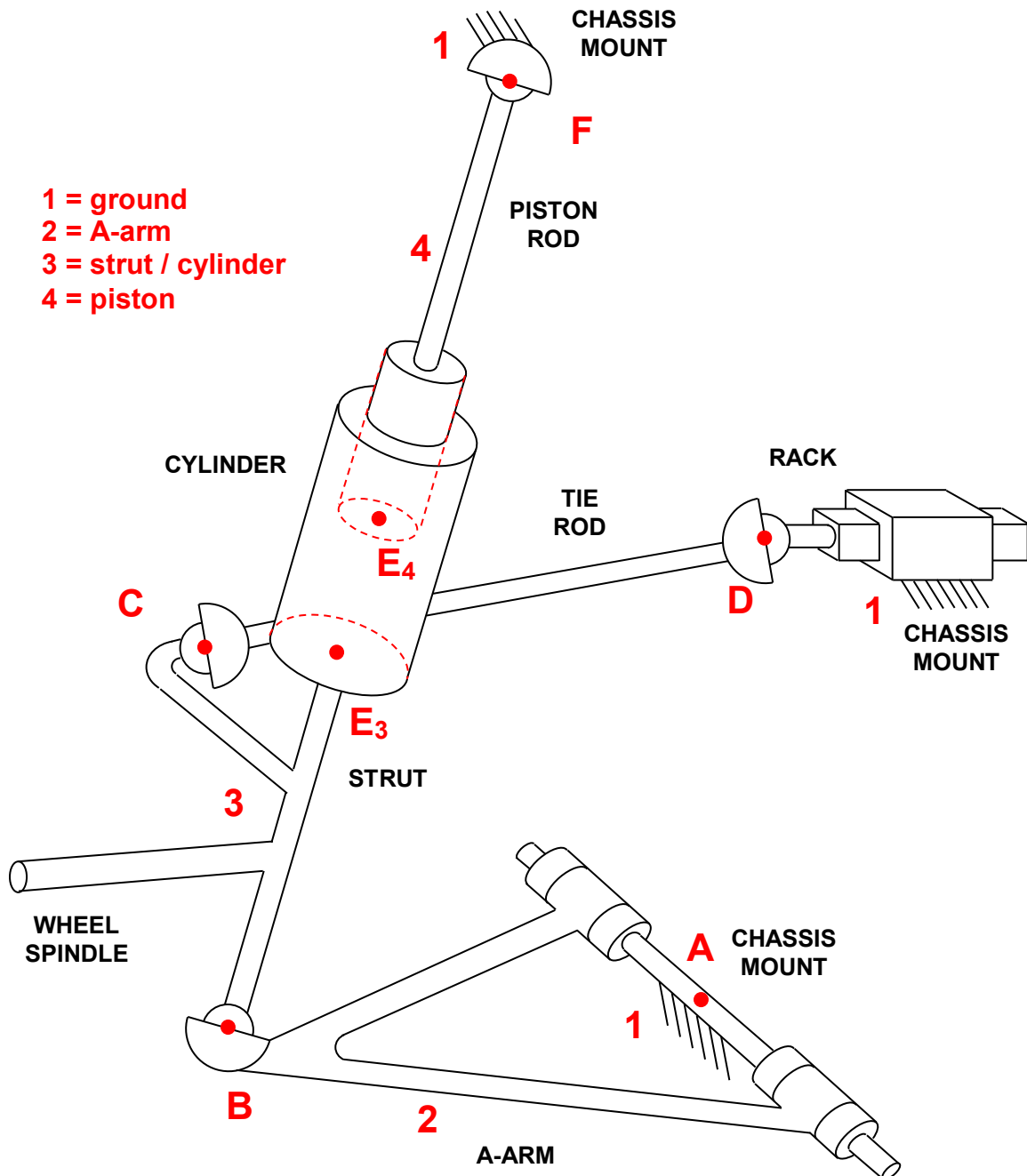


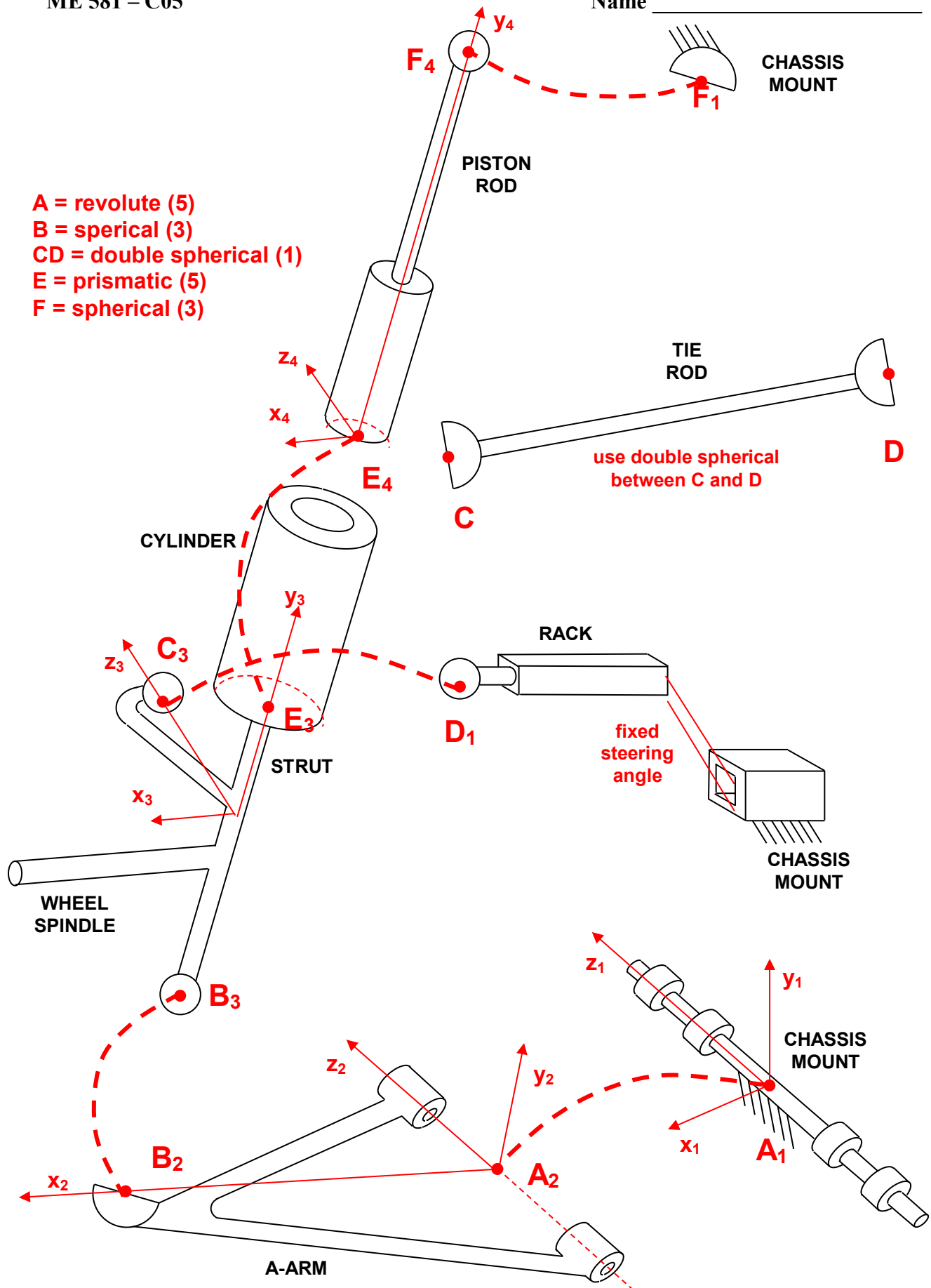
- 1) For a right McPherson strut, attach local coordinate frames to each link for a fixed position of the steering rack. Clearly label all auxiliary points and vectors needed to form constraints.
- 2) Write a corresponding set of generalized coordinates $\{q\}$.
- 3) Symbolically write a constraint vector $\{\Phi\}$ for this mechanism using the vertical absolute translation driver for the strut-spindle assembly $y_3 - y_{3_START} - y_{3_VEL} t = 0$ for $y_{3_VEL} = 4 \text{ cm/sec}$.
- 4) Numerically check the residuals of $\{\Phi\}$ using measurements from model hardware.
- 5) Symbolically write the corresponding Jacobian matrix $[\Phi_q]$.
- 6) Numerically evaluate the elements of the Jacobian and compute the determinant.
- 7) Program your constraints and Jacobian into a Newton-Raphson iterative algorithm to solve position kinematics at any desired time.
- 8) Symbolically write the velocity right-hand-side vector and program to solve for generalized coordinate velocities at any desired time.
- 9) Place your position and velocity algorithms within an outer loop to drive the strut-spindle assembly over $0 \leq t \leq 1 \text{ sec}$. Plot toe-in angle versus vertical position of the strut-spindle assembly. Additionally plot all three components of global angular velocity of the strut-spindle assembly versus time.

EXTRA CREDIT

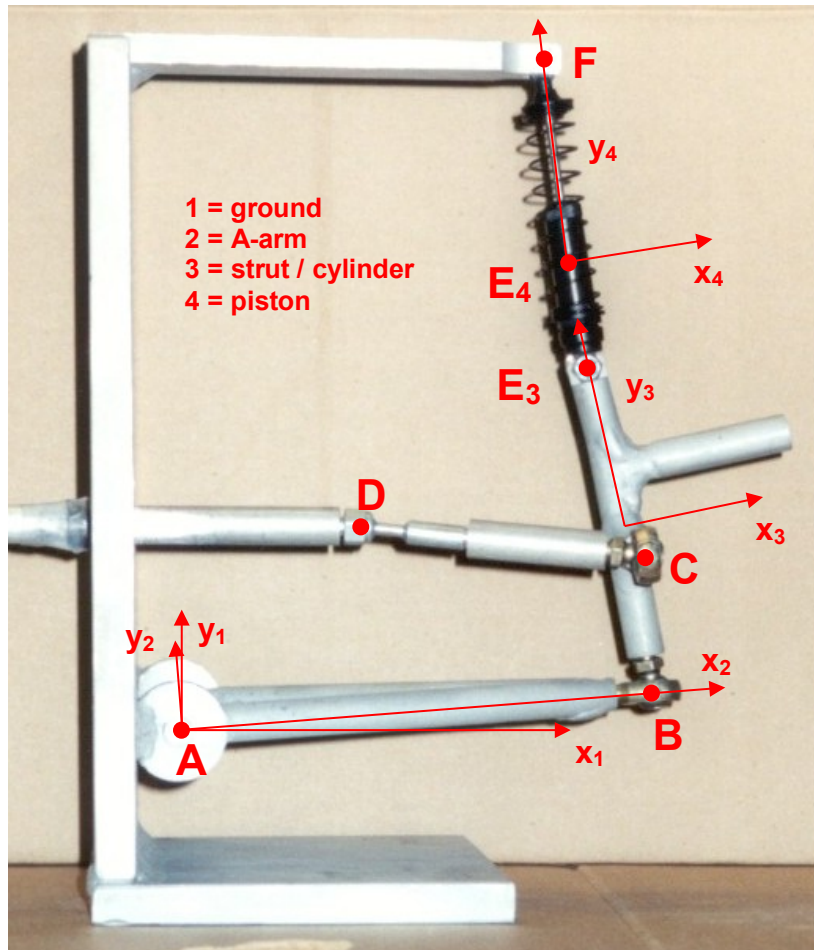
Symbolically write the acceleration right-hand-side vector and program to solve for generalized coordinate accelerations. Plot all three components of global angular acceleration of the strut-spindle assembly versus time.



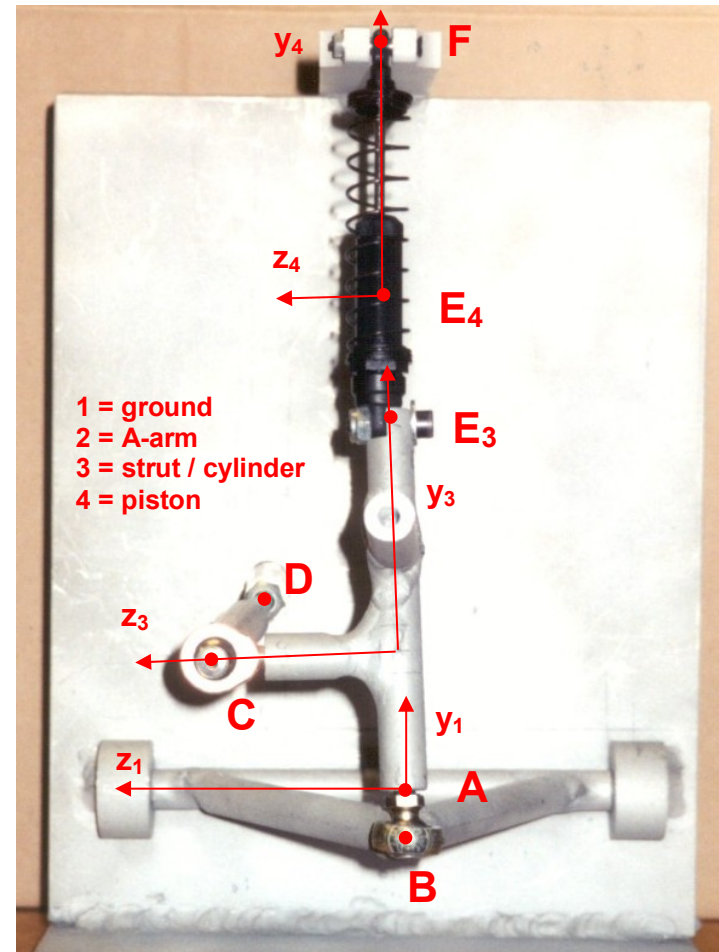
1 = ground
2 = A-arm
3 = strut / cylinder
4 = piston

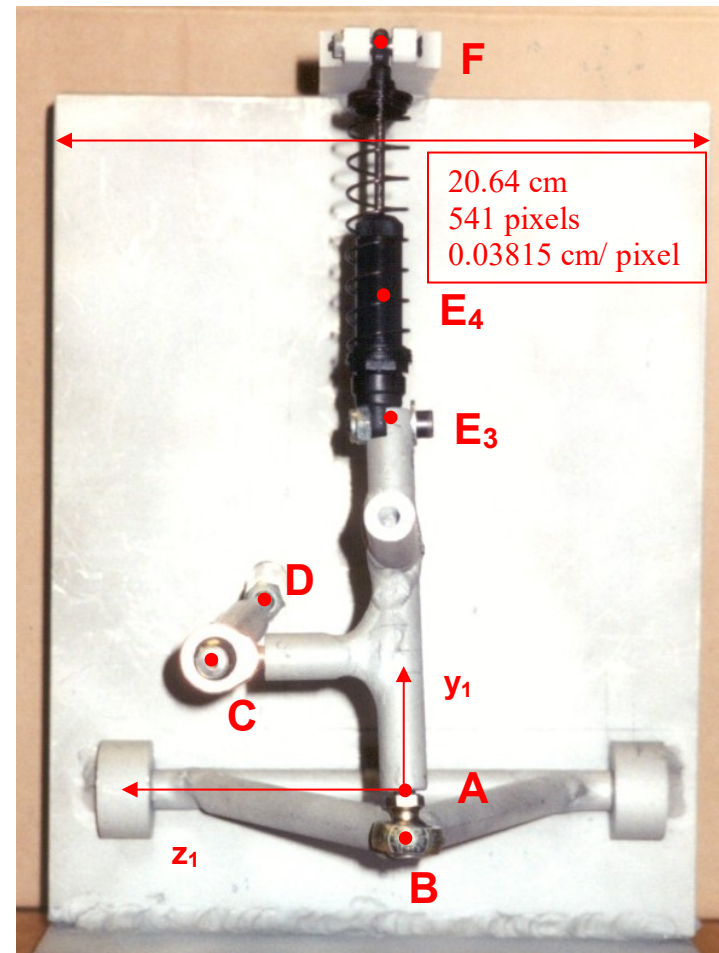
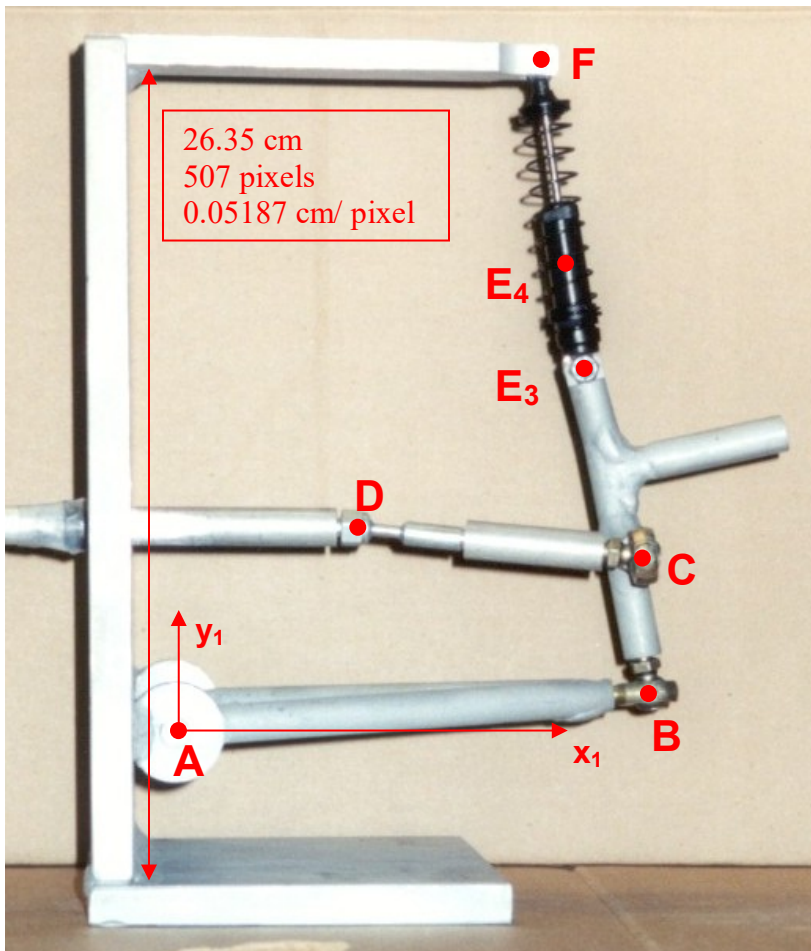


McPherson strut model - rear view



McPherson strut model - side view





scaled from photographs on class web page

cm	x1	y1	z1
A	0	0	0
B	15.70	1.40	0
C	15.49	5.87	5.77
D	6.03	6.81	4.60
E3	13.51	12.16	0
E4	13.03	15.56	0
F	12.06	22.35	0

Constraints

$$\begin{aligned}
 \{\mathbf{q}\}_{21 \times 1} &= \begin{Bmatrix} \{\mathbf{r}_2\} \\ \{\mathbf{p}_2\} \\ \{\mathbf{r}_3\} \\ \{\mathbf{p}_3\} \\ \{\mathbf{r}_4\} \\ \{\mathbf{p}_4\} \end{Bmatrix} \\
 \{\Phi\}_{21 \times 1} &= \begin{Bmatrix} \{\mathbf{r}_1\}^A - \{\mathbf{r}_2\}^A \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{f}}_2\}^T \{\hat{\mathbf{h}}_1\} \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{g}}_2\}^T \{\hat{\mathbf{h}}_1\} \\ \{\mathbf{r}_2\}^B - \{\mathbf{r}_3\}^B \\ \{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\}^T \{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\} - CD^2 \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{f}}_3\}^T \{\hat{\mathbf{g}}_4\} \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{h}}_3\}^T \{\hat{\mathbf{g}}_4\} \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{f}}_3\}^T \{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\} \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{h}}_3\}^T \{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\} \\ \{\hat{\mathbf{f}}_3\}^T \{\hat{\mathbf{h}}_4\} \\ \{\mathbf{r}_1\}^F - \{\mathbf{r}_4\}^F \\ \{\mathbf{p}_2\}^T \{\mathbf{p}_2\} - 1 \\ \{\mathbf{p}_3\}^T \{\mathbf{p}_3\} - 1 \\ \{\mathbf{p}_4\}^T \{\mathbf{p}_4\} - 1 \\ y_3 - y_{3_START} - y_{3_VEL} t \end{Bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

revolute A	revA, i = 2, j = 1
	$f_2 h_1, i = 2, j = 1$
	$g_2 h_1, i = 2, j = 1$
spherical B	sphB, i = 3, j = 2
	$\{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\} = \{\mathbf{r}_1\}^D - \{\mathbf{r}_3\}^C \quad 1D - 3C, i = 3, j = 1$
prismatic E	$f_3 g_4, i = 3, j = 4$
	$h_3 g_4, i = 3, j = 4$
	$\{\mathbf{d}_{ij}\} = \{\mathbf{r}_4\}^E - \{\mathbf{r}_3\}^E \quad f_3, i = 3, j = 4$
	$h_3, i = 3, j = 4$
	$f_3 h_4, i = 3, j = 4$
spherical F	sphF, i = 4, j = 1
Euler parameters	p2
	p3
	p4
driver	driver

Velocity

$$\{\nu\}_{21 \times 1} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0_{20 \times 1} \\ y_{3_VEL} \end{Bmatrix}$$